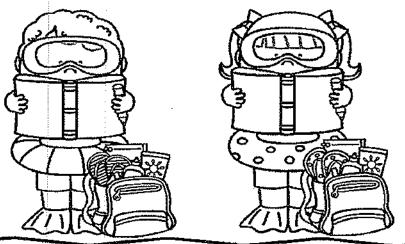
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Summer Reading acket



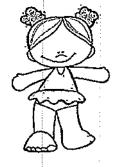
The Traveling Educator



Summer is finally here. Reading during the summer is so important! Please encourage your child to read at least 30 minutes on a daily basis.

To help your child stay on track with their reading, I'm sending home this reading packet. Students will record their reading with a reading log, complete one summer bingo challenge a month, and the reading activities that go with the challenge.

Thank you for being an active part in your child's learning. Have a great summer!



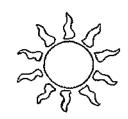


June BINGO



	<u></u>			
Read a book while eating ice cream	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a book in a new place	Write and draw a picture about what you read	Read a book to a grandparent either on a phone or in person
Read a book in your living room	Read a non- fiction book	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book while eating popcorn	Read a book that's also a movie
Read a fairy tale and complete a story map	Read a book in your kitchen	Free	Read for 20 minutes	Read a book to an adult, brother, sister, or friend
Read a book in the grass	Read a book about an insect	Read in your pajamas	Read in a fort	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read a book with no pictures	Read a book under the stars	Read a book on a rainy day	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a magazine, letter, or newspaper







YICK One DOOK YOU read This month!

Story Map

Name:	·	Date:	
Title:	·	Author:	

Characters

Setting





Beginning

Middle

End

The Traveling Educator

July

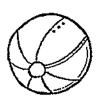
BINGO



Read outside for 30 minutes	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a poem	Read a book at bedtime	Read a book to an adult
Read under a tree	Read a non- fiction book	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book in your backyard	Read two books by the same author
Read a fairy tale and complete a story map	Read a book in bed	Free	Read to a pet or stuffed animal	Read a book to a brother, sister, or friend
Read in the car	Read a book about an animal	Read a fiction book	Read a chapter book	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read in the dark with a flashlight	Read a book under the covers	Read a book in a bathing suit	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read on vacation or at a park







Pick one book you read this month!

Story Map

Name:	Date:
Title:	Author:

Characters

Setting





Beginning

Middle

End

August BINGO



		,		
Read a biography book	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a book about dinosaurs	Read a book while eating breakfast	Read a book to an adult
Read a book about the beach	Read a book that has won an award	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book while eating a popsicle	Read a funny book
Read a fiction book & complete a story map	Read a book after dinner	Free	Read for 30 minutes	Read a book under a tree
Read a book on a Saturday	Write and draw a picture about what you read	Read wearing sunglasses	Read in a fort	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read in the dark with a flashlight	Read a book outside	Read a book on a sunny day	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read on vacation or at a park







Pick one book you read this month!

Story Map

Name:_		Date:
Title:		Author:

Characters

Setting





Beginning

Middle

End

The Traveling Educator



Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 1

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply-Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.

cave

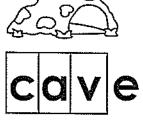


/c/, /ā/, /v/

cave

Name:

Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, top the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound. Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (game, cane, tape, rake)



Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-byletter.



High Frequency (Sight) Words -Words that a student will know by sight. Some contain irregular sounds and can not be "sounded out" when reading or spelling. These sounds are oftentimes called heart sounds as we remember them by **▼. Apply-** How many sounds do you hear? Draw that many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if

there are \forall sounds.

We hear 2 sounds. We hear /h/. The heart sound we hear is /er/. er spells /er/ in her.

er

/er/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
shake		Listen to an adult and write the following: pave, late, flame	Listen to an adult and map the following: her,
What shape is this?		iale, liame	came, cake
tame		Listen to an adult and write the following: date,	Listen to an adult and map the following: were,
Her name is Jane.		glaze, mane	make, gave
flake	SUUVVI	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: upon,
That is a big wave!	9611/1		ate, name
shade		Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: once,
The pet is tame.	quick	-tasks	take, came
chase		Listen to an adult and write the following: fame,	Listen to an adult and map the following: little,
We will bake a cake.		crave, stake	made, make
haze		Listen to an adult and write the following: blade,	Listen to an adult and map the following: have,
He gave her a hug.		frame, grade	late, ate



Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 2

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply-Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



/v/, /ī/, /n/ vine

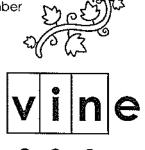
Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-byletter.





Name:

Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound. Apply-Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (time, hive, kite, bike)



High Frequency (Sight) Words -Words that a student will know by sight. Some contain irregular sounds Were and can not be "sounded out" when reading or spelling. These sounds are oftentimes called

heart sounds as we remember them by ♥. Apply- How many sounds do you hear? Draw that many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if there are \forall sounds.



We hear 2 sounds. We hear /w/. The heart sound we hear is /er/. ere spells /er/ in were.



/er/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
mile		Listen to an adult and write the following: lime, nine, swipe	Listen to an adult and map the following: love, like, take
We can hide in here.		(111.0, 311)00	inc, iare
shine	3-5	Listen to an adult and write the following: tide,	Listen to an adult and map the following: give,
l like to bite into limes.		site, glide	ride, made
grime	SUUM	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: live,
The hike was a mile.			five, late
wide	AT-Home	Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: come,
They will line up.	quick	-tasks	white, cake
tribe		Listen to an adult and write the following: size,	Listen to an adult and map the following: some,
Wipe up this mess!	O S	spine, dime	like, gave
five		Listen to an adult and write the following: life,	Listen to an adult and map the following: done,
She will dive into it.	(B) 2 (B)	bribe, file	ride, name

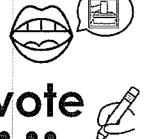


Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 3

Decode (read)- The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply- Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



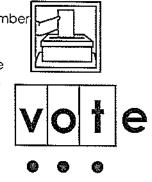
Write (dictate)- The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



Name:

Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (robe, nose, cone, bone)



High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by ▼. Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if
there are ▼ sounds.



Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
stone	(∇)	Listen to an adult and write the following: code,	Listen to an adult and map the following: none,
		dome, note	those, cake
I hope I win a prize.			
hose	\cap	Listen to an adult and write the following: yoke,	Listen to an adult and map the following: now,
	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	shone, spoke	white, make
He will tell me a joke.	المما		
broke	©U UV V	NARO	Listen to an adult and map the following: how,
	NAVI(D)	WMISIS	five, made
Stuff it in this tote.			
quote	At-Home	Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: her,
The figure is an ample	quick	-tasks	ride, gave
The flag is on a pole.	I		
mode	А	Listen to an adult and write the following: mole,	Listen to an adult and map the following: were,
Is it time to go home?		choke, lone	like, ate
Is it time to go home?			
lobe	\sim	Listen to an adult and write the following: chose,	Listen to an adult and map the following: once,
We rode on the bus.		drove, clone	name, late



Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 4

Decode (read)- The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply- Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.

cute



/k/, /ū/, /t/ cute

Write (dictate)- The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



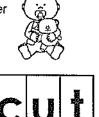
cute



Name:

Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (cube, tube, mule, mute)



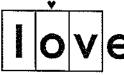
<u>C|U|1|</u>E

High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by •. Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if

there are **v** sounds.

love

We hear 3 sounds. We hear /l/ and /v/. The heart sound we hear Is /ū/. The e Is slient and goes outside of the box.



/ŭ/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
fume	T:	Listen to an adult and write the following: theme, use, cute	Listen to an adult and map the following: upon, use, made
The little kid is so cute.			
tune	P	Listen to an adult and write the following: haze, brute, mute	Listen to an adult and map the following: little, these, those
Those dunes are hot.		5.0.0, 110.0	11.030, 11.030
eve	SUNW	MER	Listen to an adult and map the following: have, came, white
Give me the fuse.	99000		Como, wine
Pete		Learning -tasks	Listen to an adult and map the following: love, take, five
He broke the rule.	YUICK	-10383	idke, nve
June		Listen to an adult and write the following: lute, rude, plume	Listen to an adult and map the following: give, cake, ride
I love this tune!	ST I	rode, plome	cake, lide
prune		Listen to an adult and write the following: tune, Steve, flute	Listen to an adult and map the following: live, make, like
That dude can skate!		SICYC, NOIG	mare, ike



SOFT SOUNDS

Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 5

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply - Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.

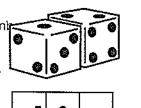


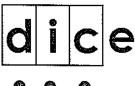


/d/, /ī/, /c/ dice Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

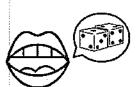
Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (page, race, mice, cage)

Name:





Write (dictate)- The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



dice

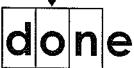


High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by V. Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if

there are \forall sounds.

done

We hear 3 sounds. We hear /d/ and /n/. The heart sound we hear is /ū/. The e is slient and goes outside of the box.



/ŭ/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
spice	\$	Listen to an adult and write the following: grace, twice, huge	Listen to an adult and map the following: come, place, ride
He ate all the rice.		Twice, hoge	piace, lide
huge	Q.	Listen to an adult and write the following: page,	Listen to an adult and map the following: some,
I got a slice of cake.		brace, rice	these, like
ace	SUUVU	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: done,
The dress has lace.			use, name
price		Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: none,
Look at the ice cube.	quick	-tasks	those, late
nice		Listen to an adult and write the following: slice,	Listen to an adult and map the following: now,
She was in a rage!		face, space	white, came
wage		Listen to an adult and write the following: stage,	Listen to an adult and map the following: how,
You are on the stage.		trace, age	five, make



Y /ī/ WORDS

Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 4: SET 6

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply-Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



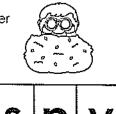


/s/, /p/, /ī/ spy

Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound. Apply-Point to the picture

Name:

below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters, (flu, sky, fry, shy)





Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matchina word sound-by-sound/letter-byletter.





High Frequency (Sight) Words -Words that a student will know by sight. Some contain irregular sounds and can not be "sounded out" when reading or spelling. These sounds are oftentimes called heart sounds as we remember them by **▼. Apply-** How many sounds do you hear? Draw that

many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if there are \forall sounds.



We hear 3 sounds. We hear In/ and /n/. The heart sound we hear is $/\bar{v}$ /. The e is silent and goes outside of the box.



- Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
try Why did the tot cry?		Listen to an adult and write the following: try, kite, spike	Listen to an adult and map the following: have, why, take
dry A fly is by the trash.		Listen to an adult and write the following: cry, spy, scale	Listen to an adult and map the following: little, by, made
ply This fox has a sly look. Sly He is a shy dude.		MER Learning -tasks	Listen to an adult and map the following: once, my, late Listen to an adult and map the following: upon, place, white
pry You can dry the dish.		Listen to an adult and write the following: dry, dive, cove	Listen to an adult and map the following: were, use, those
Cry Try this plum.		Listen to an adult and write the following: stale, ply, role	Listen to an adult and map the following: her, these, ate