

Dear Parents.

Summer is finally here! I am so excited that your child will be joining me in 1st grade in August.

Reading during the summer vacation is so important, especially in the younger grades. It's necessary that the children practice the skills they have learned so far so that they are ready to go when we return to school.

With that in mind, I have put together this summer reading packet for your incoming 1st grader. There are 2 components: daily reading activities that correspond to our phonics reading curriculum and a fun BINGO challenge.

There are six pages of phonics activities. Each page is designed to be 1 week's worth of activities. There are step by step instructions for parents on how to do each activity. They should take less than 20 mins a day to complete.

The BINGO challenge is a collection of fun sheets full of different ways to read books. There will be a prize for any student who brings back one or more of the completed sheets at the beginning of the school year.

If you have any questions or queries about the phonics or other things, please reach out via email. I will be checking my work email regularly and am more than happy to help.

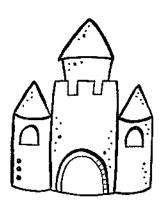
Thank you for taking an active part in your child's learning and blessings on your summer!

In Christ,

Mrs. Baxter

sbaxter@redeemerlutheran.us







Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 1

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply-Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



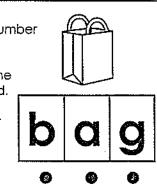
/b/, /a/, /g/ bag

Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-byletter.



Name:

Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound. Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (map, net, pin, log)



High Frequency (Sight) Words -Words that a student will know by sight. Some contain irregular sounds and can not be "sounded out" when reading or spelling. These sounds are oftentimes called heart sounds as we remember them by ♥. Apply- How many sounds do you hear? Draw that many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if there are  $\forall$  sounds.

We hear 2 sounds. We hear /t/. The heart sound we hear is /ôô/, o spells /ôô/ in to.



/6ô/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
sat		Listen to an adult and write the following: pup, bed, six	Listen to an adult and map the following: like,
Sam is sad.		Ded, six	got, yes
fin		Listen to an adult and write the following: ram,	Listen to an adult and map the following: the,
Did the man sit?		not, wag	cut, fun
hen	<b>CUUV</b> V	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: see,
Get into bed.	90W	MIZINS	υp, man
nod		Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: to, did,
The pot is hot.	quick	-tasks	had
jug	=	Listen to an adult and write the following: lock,	Listen to an adult and map the following: do, let,
I am on a bus.	6	kit, dip	ten
mad		Listen to an adult and write the following: sick,	Listen to an adult and map the following: look, if,
Jed sat in the sap.		top, led	sat ,



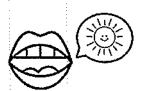
Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 2

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply- Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



/s/, /u/, /n/ sun

Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.

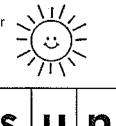




#### Name:

Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply - Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (hat, six, bat, gum)



s u n

High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by • Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if

there are  $\forall$  sounds.

the

We hear 2 sounds. The first heart sound we hear is /th/. th spells /th/. The next heart sound we hear is /ū/. e spells /ū/ in the.

th

e

/th/

/ŭ/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
bet		Listen to an adult and write the following: pun, wax, had	Listen to an adult and map the following: into, red, can
Run to the cab.		wax, naa	16a, Can
fig	<b>8 9</b>	Listen to an adult and write the following: dock, gap, tan	Listen to an adult and map the following: said, dad, mom
The kid did win.		945,1411	ada, mom
dot	SUUM	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: like, it, box
l got a red box.			DOX
sub	· ·	Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: the,
A bug is in the jug,	quick	-tasks	has, ran
lab		Listen to an adult and write the following: neck,	Listen to an adult and map the following: see,
Jot it on the pad.	0	mud, fed	am, on
web		Listen to an adult and write the following: lid, nod, pick	Listen to an adult and map the following: to,
Ben did not beg.		Tiod, pick	and, his



Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 3

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply - Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.

zip

/z/, /i/, /p/ zip

Write (dictate)- The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



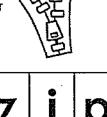


Name:

Encode (map)- The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters.

(fox, can, sock, lip)





High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by . Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if

there are v sounds.

see

We hear 2 sounds. We hear /s/. The heart sound we hear is /ë/. ee spells /ë/ in to.





/ē/

<del></del>			
Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
tip		Listen to an adult and write the following: mat, rod, ten	Listen to an adult and map the following: do, as, run
The kid bit his lip.	VIV)	10a, terr	1011
fog		Listen to an adult and write the following: rig, pack, hem	Listen to an adult and map the following: look, but, not
I can cut the ham.		pack, risin	
cut	SU UVV	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: into,
Set it in the bin.	90W	MIZIÝ	him, in
wag		Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: said,
Look at the red lid.	quick	-tasks	sit, get
net		Listen to an adult and write the following: tux,	Listen to an adult and map the following: like, its,
Dad can fix it.	50	job, den	big
dim		Listen to an adult and write the following: rip, tax,	Listen to an adult and map the following: the, us,
I sat on the dock.		cop	men



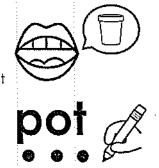
Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 4

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply - Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



/p/, /o/, /t/ pot

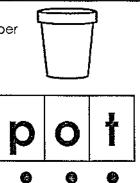
Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



Name:

Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply - Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (jug, cut, bus, pig)



High Frequency (Sight) Words Words that a student will know by
sight. Some contain irregular sounds
and can not be "sounded out"
when reading or spelling. These
sounds are oftentimes called
heart sounds as we remember
them by V. Apply- How many
sounds do you hear? Draw that
many lines/boxes. Write the
known sounds and determine if
there are V sounds.

do

We hear 2 sounds. We hear /d/. The heart sound we hear is /ao/. a spells /oo/ in do.



0

/00/

Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
rot	Ä	Listen to an adult and write the following: lick,	Listen to an adult and map the following: like, six,
The cub is not sad.		hum, win	is
sub	(2)	Listen to an adult and write the following: sap,	Listen to an adult and orthographically map the
A duck can quack.	Cl 38	led, hog	following: the, bed, dog
lab	SUUVV	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: see,
The sun is hot.	90W	hot, bat	
vet		Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: to, an,
A hen can do a lot.	quick	c-tasks	at .
hid		Listen to an adult and write the following: cup,	Listen to an adult and map the following: do, set,
The cat got a rat.		sack, bib	fun
nod	(6)	Listen to an adult and write the following: pet,	Listen to an adult and map the following: look,
The dog can wag.	E (1)B	rod, yam	yes, cat



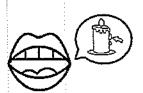
Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 5

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply-Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



/w/, /a/, /x/ wax

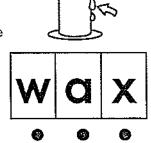
Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-byletter.





Name:

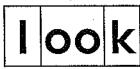
Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound. Apply- Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (wet, box, mop, mad)



High Frequency (Sight) Words -Words that a student will know by sight. Some contain irregular sounds and can not be "sounded out" when reading or spelling. These sounds are oftentimes called heart sounds as we remember them by **▼. Apply-** How many sounds do you hear? Draw that many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if there are **v** sounds.

We hear 3 sounds. We hear /I/

and /k/. The heart sound we hear is /ôô/. oo spells /ôô/ in look.



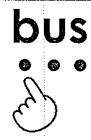
/ôô/

		· <u>····································</u>	
Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
rub		Listen to an adult and write the following: fix,	Listen to an adult and map the following: into,
		rock, jab	ten, sat
Jim led us to him.	(III)		
bad		Listen to an adult and write the following: cap.	Listen to an adult and map the following: said,
		fig, hot	box, ran
l am not six yet.			
wed	© N N N		Listen to an adult and map the following: like,
	1 8/101/V <sub>4</sub> /1		got, up
Mom can do it.	At Haras		
kit	AI-Home	Learning	Listen to an adult and map the following: the,
	auick	c-tasks	cut, did
The rat did tug at it.			
l dot		Listen to an adult and write the following: bit,	Listen to an adult and map the following: see,
		quiz, zag	let, red
I ran into a web.			
mud	Bright B	Listen to an adult and write the following: win,	Listen to an adult and map the following: to, if,
		pen, yum	dad
Do not lick it.	<u> </u>		
			Clare



Guided Phonics + Beyond UNIT 2: SET 6

Decode (read) - The student will tap each individual sound within a word to read it. The student will then blend the sounds back together to state the word. The student might also read the entire word without stating the individual sounds. This is the goal. Apply - Student will decode (read) the word and the sentence.



/b/, /u/, /s/ bus

Write (dictate) - The student will listen to a word given to them orally. They will then (spell) apply a written letter for each sound that they hear. Apply-State aloud a word. The student will write the matching word sound-by-sound/letter-by-letter.



bus 💋



Encode (map) - The student will say a picture name, tap the number of sounds in the word, map the sounds in the word by drawing boxes or lines, and then write the matching letter for each sound.

Apply - Point to the picture below. Have the student count the number of sounds in the word and push up a chip for each sound. Write the letters. (hug, cop, fan, dad)

High Frequency (Sight) Words -

and can not be "sounded out"

when reading or spelling. These

sounds are oftentimes called

heart sounds as we remember

them by ♥. Apply- How many

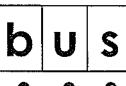
there are **v** sounds.

sounds do you hear? Draw that many lines/boxes. Write the known sounds and determine if

Words that a student will know by

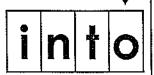
sight. Some contain irregular sounds





into

We hear 4 sounds. We hear /i/, /n/ and /t/. The heart sound we hear is /ŏō/. a spells /ŏō/ in into.



/ōō/

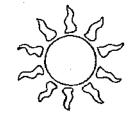
	:		
Decode (read):	Encode (map):	Write (dictate):	High Frequency Words:
tab		Listen to an adult and write the following: tap, mix, van	Listen to an adult and map the following: do, man, had
I am not mad.		(1112) Yari	man, nad
bed		Listen to an adult and write the following: zap, jam, net	Listen to an adult and map the following: look, can, mom
A bug got on him.		juin, noi	can, mont
rib	@NNM	MED	Listen to an adult and map the following: into, on, his
Dad is in the cab.			OH, HIS
top	At-Home	<b>Learning</b> -tasks	Listen to an adult and map the following: said, it, am
The jet is quick.	GOICK	-1U3K3	i diri
hut		Listen to an adult and write the following: quit, fig, beg	Listen to an adult and map the following: like, has, and
1 can zip it up.		ng, beg	nas, and
fax		Listen to an adult and write the following: bud, hop, cob	Listen to an adult and map the following: the, but, in
A pig likes mud.		Пор, сор	501, 111

### BINGO



Read a book while eating ice cream	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a book in a new place	Write and draw a picture about what you read	Read a book to a grandparent either on a phone or in person
Read a book in your living room	Read a non- fiction book	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book while eating popcorn	Read a book that's also a movie
Read a fairy tale and complete a story map	Read a book in your kitchen	Free	Read for 20 minutes	Read a book to an adult, brother, sister, or friend
Read a book in the grass	Read a book about an insect	Read in your pajamas	Read in a fort	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read a book with no pictures	Read a book under the stars	Read a book on a rainy day	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a magazine, letter, or newspaper



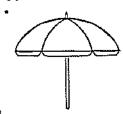




# BINGO



Read a biography book	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a book about dinosaurs	Read a book while eating breakfast	Read a book to an adult
Read a book about the beach	Read a book that has won an award	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book while eating a popsicle	Read a funny book
Read a fiction book & complete a story map	Read a book after dinner	Free	Read for 30 minutes	Read a book under a tree
Read a book on a Saturday	Write and draw a picture about what you read	Read wearing sunglasses	Read in a fort	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read in the dark with a flashlight	Read a book outside	Read a book on a sunny day	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read on vacation or at a park







# BINGO



Read outside for 30 minutes	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read a poem	Read a book at bedtime	Read a book to an adult
Read under a tree	Read a non- fiction book	Read a non- fiction book and write 3 facts you learned	Read a book in your backyard	Read two books by the same author
Read a fairy tale and complete a story map	Read a book in bed	Free	Read to a pet or stuffed animal	Read a book to a brother, sister, or friend
Read in the car	Read a book about an animal	Read a fiction book	Read a chapter book	Visit the local library and read or checkout a new book
Read in the dark with a flashlight	Read a book under the covers	Read a book in a bathing suit	Read a book and then write a book summary	Read on vacation or at a park





